Overview

In our Globalization class we have been broken down into groups and studying two different countries per group. My two countries happen to be Switzerland & Sub-Saharan Africa. We have also been reading a collapse which goes into why some countries they mention have fail. However, we are going to tie their five point of framework in with my two countries. Then I will scale them for good to bad on the scale 1-10 (10 being perfect, 1 being bad)



More Picture of both countries.

Switzerland





MY COUNTRIES & COLLAPSE



By: Jasmine Gladden Countries: Sub-Saharan Africa & Switzerland



FRIENDLY TRADE PARTNERS

In Ethiopia, the major trade resource was their coffee. It was a big trading business for them since it was 60% of the export earnings. This coffee trade earned them 129,395 in total for exports earns. However, Ethiopia still remain to be the poorest country and it is amongst the world. Some of their trading partners are Germany, Belgium, Saudi Arabia, and Sudan. Scaling: 4

In Switzerland, their exports partners are Germany, Italy, France, US, Netherlands, and Austria. They export natural gar and oil. They also have a small agricultural sector that helps their economy. Neighboring with eurozone countries put them at risk financially. Scaling: 2

SOCIETY'S RESPONSE

In Ethoipia, they plan to join the "Ethiopian Civil Society Network on Climate change." They have plan a 3-day climate change training process for different key government ministries and civil society organizations. This workshop was put together and opportunity for experts to try to understand the climate change. Scaling: 7

In Switzerland, they have not really did anything towards fixing their environmental damage. They are still using up plenty of their resources. There are also no laws being enforce to make caps on these greenhouse gases. Scaling: 5

FIVE POINTS OF _

The five points of framework out of collapse are: Environmental Damage, Climate Change, Hostile Neighbors, Friendly trade Partners, Society's Response to its Environmental Problems.

ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE

In Ethiopia, the environmental damage was their drought. By having this drought their resources wasn't accessible. Therefore that wasn't suitable for trade, so their economy went down hill. They depend on their resources for income. Scaling: 2

In Switzerland, the environmental change was air pollution. The air pollution coming from cars. Having this being done open air is burning. The average car there normally has a two-litre engine. Scaling: 5

In Switzerland, the climate change is a threat. It will cause them to be concern about their economy and then socially. Their temperatures rises with the human population. The climate also

In Ethiopia, higher temperatures in certain regions have and

actually put certain management techniques at risk. Scaling: 7

impact on how long growing seasons may be, Climate will

Switzerland never had any hostile neighbors. Scaling 10

CLIMATE CHANGE

various with the altitude. Scaling: 4

HOSTILE NEIGHBORS

Ethiopia never been colonized. Scaling 10

2

#3

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Ethiopia

Switzerland





Switzerland

Ethiopia



Ethiopia

CITATIONS

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. "Switzerland." *Central Intelligence Agency* . N.p., n.d. Web. 22 Mar 2012. <<u>https://www.cia.gov/library/publications/the-world-factbook/geos/sz.html</u>>. . "Ethiopia." *Central Intelligence Agency* . N.p., n.d. Web. 22 Mar 2012. <<u>https://www.cia.gov/library/publications/the-world-factbook/geos/et.html</u>>. . "Switzerland &the Environment." *Federal Department of Foreign Affairs*. N.p., n.d. Web. 22 Mar 2012. <<u>http://www.swissworld.org/en/environment/?</u> type=target%d_self>.